

## Mainstreaming Gender Equality in Safety Procedure

September 2023



## INTRODUCTION

- The 110th International Labour Conference held in June 2022, recognizes health and safety as one of the Principles and Rights
   Fundamental at Work
- The "feminine" and "masculine" sector exposed women and men workers to different risks and hazards.
- Three major issues that differentiate genders in the industry: (1) segregation; (2) gender roles; (3) Sexual and Reproductive Health
- Recognizing diversity, including gender differences, in the workforce is vital in ensuring the safety and health of both men and women workers (ILO, 2013).

### **Session Objectives**

Understand the importance of mainstreaming gender equality into safety procedure



Encourage women to be an effective member of OSH committee



Encourage women to speak up for safety and be heard for their spesific needs

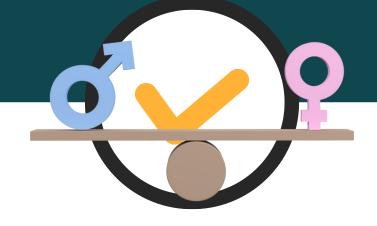


## Understanding of Gender, Gender Balance, and Gender Bias in Work Environment



#### Gender

Gender refers to the characteristics of women, men, girls and boys that are constructed by social and cultural



#### **Gender Balance**

Gender balance is about ensuring that there are equitable opportunities for individuals notwithstanding their gender



#### **Gender Bias**

Gender bias exists when a person faces unfair disadvantages (or benefits from unearned advantages) because of their gender.

## Understanding of Gender, Gender Balance, and Gender Bias in Work Environment









#### Example of sex and gender: Sexual (refers to biological characteristics):

- Women give birth and lactate
- Men produce sperm

#### **Gender (refers to societal roles):**

- Men earn a living and women take care of the household
- Men are strong and Women are weak

## **Example of gender balance:**

 Jobs that require standing for long periods of time will be more burdensome for women (physiologically) than men. For this reason, such a job can provide more rest space for female workers.

## **Example of gender equality:**

 The opportunity to become a leader in the company is open to all (men and women) by paying attention to the special needs of each person.

#### **Example of gender bias:**

- Women are weaker than Men
- Men are less emotional than women

# **Ensuring Gender Equality into Safety Procedure**

(Specific condition of women: pregnant women, menstruation, lactating, risk of Gender Based Violence during hazard, people with disabilities).

#### **Pregnant Women**

- Safe and accessible evacuation route (e.g., Locate workplace at the ground floor nearest to the exit point)
- Emergency birth kits
- Nutrition and vitamin supplements
- Access to maternal healthcare service
- emotional support

#### **Lactating Women:**

- A designated lactation room or private space with a comfortable environment and necessary amenities, such as a breast pump, refrigerator
- Access to sanitation and welfare facilities at work
- Access to sanitary products
- Nutrition and vitamin supplements

### Persons with Disability:

- Develop Inclusive evacuation plan by considering accessibility and reasonable accommodation
- Identify any barriers
- Involve employees
   with disability in drills
   and simulation
- Accessible information
- Establish a buddy system
- seggregated data

## **Menstruation/ Reproductive Health:**

- Access to clean, safe, secure and separate toilet and welfare facilities at work
- Access to sanitary products
- Hygiene kit
- Emergency reproductive kit

#### **Gender Based Violence:**

- Training programs about the risk of GBV in the workplace
- Practice culture of respect and zero tolerance for harassment that is incorporated in the company code of conduct
- Establish reporting mechanism with accessible chanel
- Develop SOP for GBV case response and management
- Establish referral pathways
- Appoint and train GBV focal point

## ACCESSIBLE EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS National and international guidelines on inclusive disaster risk reduction prescribe that early warning systems, as critical-life saving tools, be available in both visual and audible formats.

#### GAATES' Guidelines on Inclusive Disaster Risk



SIRENS, mechanical



**RADIO** 





#### **FLAGS** can be raised to

indicate that an emergency warning has



**ELECTRONIC** SIGNAGE SYSTEMS

systems, especially in outdoor situations such as stadia, airports, and road and highway message boards.



VOLUNTEERS alert those who may not receive an early

Sources: GAATES' Guidelines on Inclusive Disaster Risk Reduction Office of Civil Defense's Lahat Handa

verafiles.org f /verafiles >> @verafiles





#### Office of Civil Defense's Lahat Handa



#### AUDIO SIGNALS

(bells, alarms, sirens, radio, drums, loud speaker announcements)



#### VISUAL SIGNALS

(leaflets in Braille, posters and flags in big font and flashy colors)



**SPOTLIGHTS** repeatedly turned on and off



#### WRITTEN DOCUMENTS

(if the person could



BODY & SIGN LANGUAGE



#### CLEARLY ARTICULATED

WORDS (for people hard of hearing or able to do lip reading)



#### SIGNAGE FOR DIRECTION

(evacuation center medical facilities etc., possible to make it in picture)



BUDDY SYSTEM

#### **Fire Alarm Appliances**





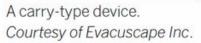


Courtesy of (left to right) Johnson Controls, Gentex Corp., and Eaton

Audible and visual components can be included in one device (left) or as separate audible (center) and visual appliances (right).

#### **Examples of Emergency Stair Travel Devices**



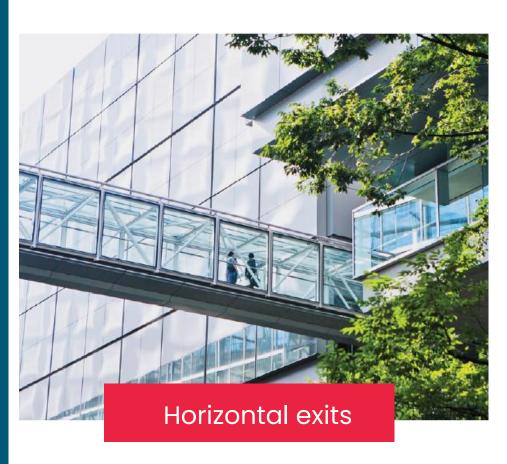




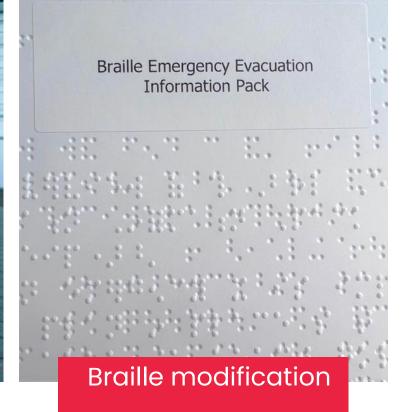
A carry-type device in use. Courtesy of Evac+ Chair

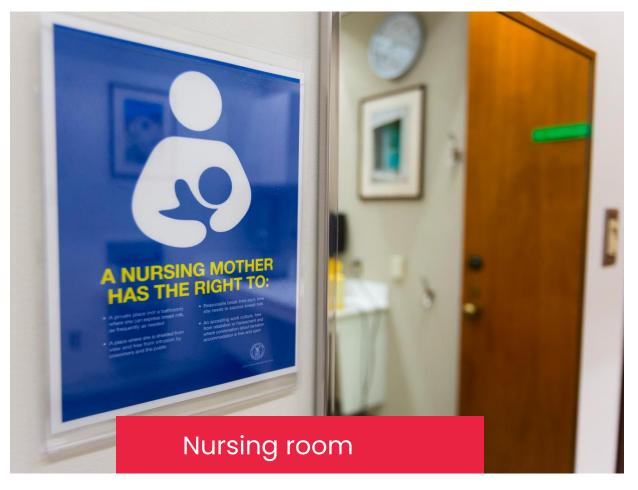


A sled-type device. Courtesy of Garaventa Lift















Spotlight Initiative

**GBV** Prevention



### MODALITIES

- LABS initiative to integrate gender equality and related issues into their work, which also recognizes the need to catalyze progress through issue-focused strategic initiatives.
- Over 4,700 women have been trained on safety parameters through LABS Safety Training since the program inception (LABS Annual Report 2022).

## CHALLENGE

- Women are less involved than men in OSH decision-making due to a patriarchal structure or culture which renders them especially subordinate and powerless. For example, because they are less likely to hold managerial positions, and are less represented in trade union hierarchies. This way it is challenging to address their specific needs.
- ·Women often have to balance competing work and domestic tasks which creates **double load burden**

# Check points on where women can play a role in safety elements of the office & factory

#### **Policy actions:**

- Measures to protect women's reproductive and maternity capacity: maternity protection, special conditions of employment for pregnant women and mothers breastfeeding.
- Actions to protect women because of perceived vulnerability and the "need for protection."
- Include it in written regulations regarding the proportion of women who must be involved in OSH



Working paper

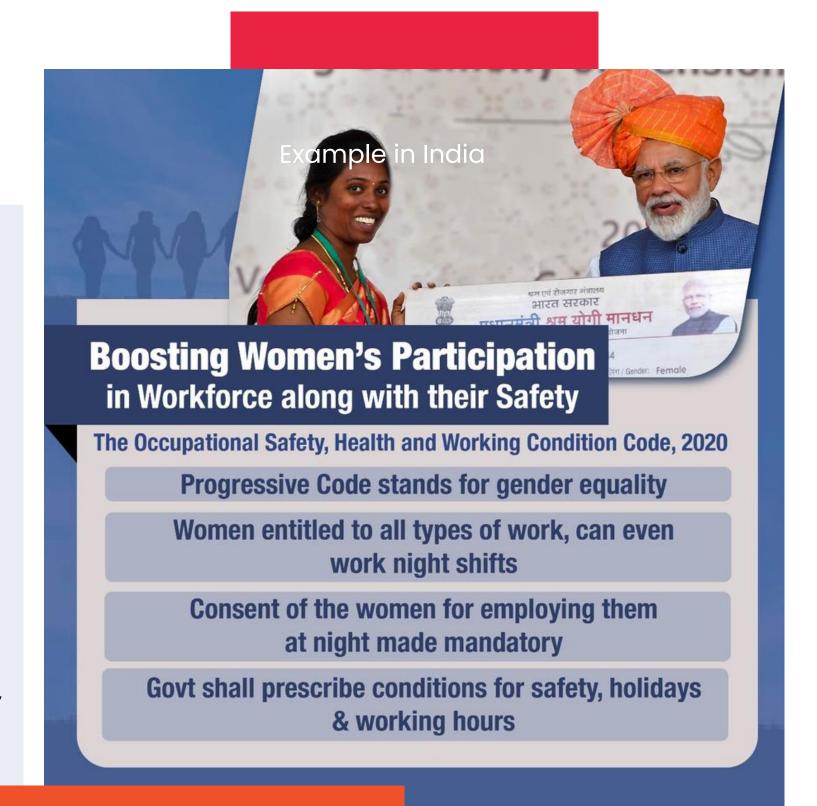


10 Keys for Gender Sensitive
OSH Practice –
Guidelines for Gender
Mainstreaming in Occupational
Safety and Health



# Check points on Actions Workers Can Take

- Get information and training on OSH reporting and handling systems in the workplace they are actively involved in.
- Identify the person to whom workers should report accidents, injuries and illnesses. This person can be a direct supervisor or elected health and safety representatives in the workplace.
- Understand their reporting tasks and familiarize with what forms or anything needed to mark a condition, injury, or illness that is not Safe.
- Obey workplace reporting requirement in case of accidents,
- Exercising their right to refuse unsafe work.

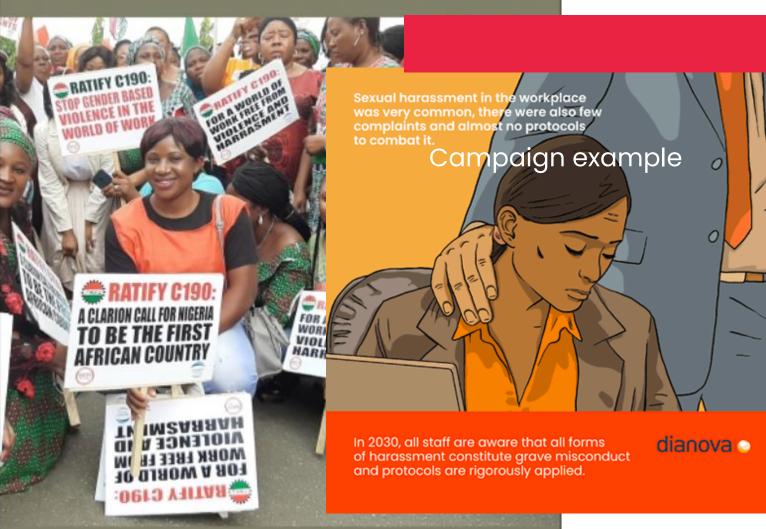


LABS Chat Platform

# Check points on Actions OSH Committee & Management Can Take

- Ensuring that adequate safety and health programs are included in the workplace and the program addresses the specific needs of women and enables the participation of women workers.
- Campaign against gender-based discrimination and any harmful practices
- Taking precautions early on at every level for the collective as well as individuals through training.
- Establish a team and channels that serves for reporting mechanism and referring cases

# Stopping Gender-Based Violence and Harassment at Work THE CAMPAIGN FOR AN ILO CONVENTION Jane Pillinger, Robin R. Runge and Chidi King



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LABS Chat Platform

We are excited to announce the launch of LABS Chat Platform. We encourage all our factories to use the new platform to report safety issues and help us in our mission to create a safe and secure work environment. The Chat platform can be accessed by going to www.labs-chat.com.

# Check points on Actions Workers Union Can Take

- Maintaining an independent occupational health and safety committee and ensuring the gender balance is in place
- Management obligation to ensure the OSH Committee is functioning as per defined governing policies
- Train and encourage women to know their rights and overcome their health problems quickly.
- Establish mechanisms for reporting and handling work-related injuries or illnesses in ways that are accessible to all workers
- Ensure that the employer conducts the **necessary risk** assessments.



## Check points on Actions Company Can Take

- Conduct risk assessment and identify seggregated data to identify potential hazards and appropriate measures
- Develop inclusive evacuation plan and regular drills
- Develop inclusive reporting mechanism and referral pathways
- Ensure that the OSH mechanism in the company is well publicized for all employees and accessible for all.
- Create an equitable proportion for female workers to be actively involved in OSH mechanisms applicable in the company
- Ensure that company policies provide equitable treatment for all workers (including women worker) and encourage women participation.



LABS Helpline launched in India and Vietnam



Life and Building Safety (LABS) Initiative Launches Platform for Gender Equality in Apparel & Footwear in Cambodia



## THANK YOU

If you have further questions or concerns, please contact us through:

email: indahskp@gmail.com